

Overview Online Learning

Defined ...

Online Learning, E-Learning, Virtual Learning, Distance Learning... all the same.

Online Learning is the teacher and student working together from a distance via technology.

Vision: To provide students educational support and options "anytime, any place, any pace".

<u>Purpose</u>: To provide access to an online, collaborative, and self-paced learning environment that facilitates 21st Century skills development to ensure students evolve as competent, 21st Century citizens and workers.

Key Research Findings:

- Online learning supports traditional schools by providing educational options for students through enrichment, acceleration, credit recovery, or simply an alternative instructional choice, as well as scheduling needs, learning styles, and cost effectiveness;
- 2) Online learning is rapidly growing 30% annually in all states;
- 3) Online learning is effective it shows equal or better achievement results;
- 4) Online learning improves teaching.
- 5) Quality Control is crucial and key to a successful online program:
 - a. Best practices utilized in content and instruction
 - b. Focus on student achievement outcomes across all demographic groups
 - c. Curriculum development and procedures
 - d. Teacher training
 - e. Continual tracking of student progress
 - f. Special needs services provided to special population students to ensure access, including:
 - i. Technology needs
 - ii. Audio, visual, physical, learning needs

Keeping Pace with K-12 Online Learning: A review of state-level policy and practice, 2007 www.nacol.org

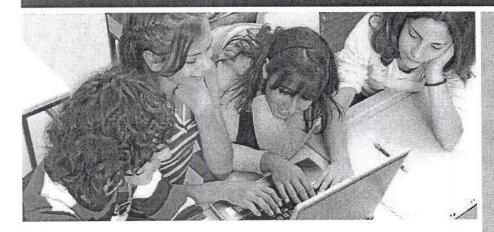


Anaheim Union High School District Education Division – Innovative Programs

Presentation Timeline

Date	Event	Location
September 11, 2008	Innovation Planning Team Meeting	Ed Division Conference Room
September 17, 2008	Principals' Meeting	PDC
September 18, 2008 4:30 p.m.	ASTA Union Rep Meeting	Union Office
September 19, 2008	Announcement of Online Teaching Assignment Opportunity	All-District Email
September 22, 2008 3:30 p.m.	Assistant Principals' Meeting	District Lounge
September 25, 2008 3:15 p.m.	Informational Meeting	PDC
September 29, 2008 1:00 p.m.	Counselor Meeting	Board Room
October 1, 2008	Informational Meeting	PDC
October 8, 2008	Librarian/Media Tech Meeting	Oxford Library
?	Site Information Services Techs	
	?	





Research, Trends and Statistics

K-12 Online Learning and Virtual Schools: Expanding Options

- K-12 online learning is a new field consisting of an estimated \$50 million market, which is growing at an estimated annual pace of 30% annually.
- 42 states have significant supplemental online learning programs, or significant full-time programs (in which students take most or all of their courses online), or both. Only eight states do not have either of these options, and several of these states have begun planning for online learning development.
- There are 26 state-wide or state-led virtual schools in the United States.^{III}
- As of January 2007, there were 173 virtual charter schools serving 92,235 students in 18 states.
- 57% of public secondary schools in the U.S. provide access to students for online learning.^v
- 72% of school districts with distance education programs planned to expand online offerings in the coming year.vi
- 14.2 million computers were available for classroom use in the nation's schools as of the 2005-2006 school year. That works out to one computer for every four students.^{vii}

The North American
Council for Online
Learning (NACOL) is the
leading international K-12
non-profit organization
representing the interests
of administrators,
practitioners, businesses
and students involved
in online learning in the
United States, Canada and
Mexico.

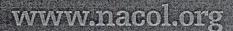
NACOL's mission is to increase access to educational opportunities and enhance learning by providing collegial expertise and leadership in K-12 online teaching and learning.

NACOL facilitates collaboration, advocacy and research to expand the availability and enhance the quality of K-12 online learning.

NACOL was founded in September 2003 and has 2.000+ members.

NACOL hosts the annual Virtual School Symposium, the leading K-12 national education conference on virtual schools and online learning – in Phoenix, AZ on October 26-28, 2008.

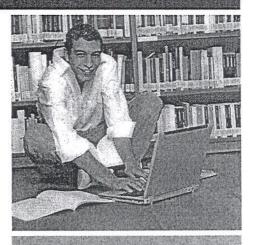
For more information, www. virtualschoolsymposium.org





Online learning in K-12 schools is growing explosively.

- In 2000, there were 40,000-50,000 enrollments in K-12 online education.
- Eduventures estimated 300,000 students participated in virtual learning in the 2002-2003 school year in the United States.^{ix} Alberta Online Consortium in Canada reported 4,766 enrollments in 2002-2003.
- In 2002-2003, NCES reported 328,000 distance education enrollments in K-12 public school districts.*
- In 2005, the Peak Group estimated online enrollments of 500,000.
- In 2006, the Sloan Consortium reported 700,000 enrollments in K-12 online learning.
- The Peak Group estimates 1 million enrollments in 2007.
- In 2006, Sloan Consortium reported there were 3.2 million postsecondary students in the United States that took at least one online course; this represents a 25% increase over the previous year.
- In April 2006, Michigan became the 1st state to require online learning for high school graduation.
- 80% of K-12 school districts cited "the course was otherwise unavailable" as the number one reason for offering courses at a distance.xi
- Enrollment province-wide in British Columbia climbed from 17,000 students in 2006 to 33,000 students in 2007, according to Canada's Ministry of Education statistics
- When considering online education for either students in rural communities who have "access to only a limited number of course offerings in their public schools" or advanced students interested in taking courses for college credit, the public expresses considerable support. In these two instances, over 60 percent of respondents support public funding for online education.xii



The American Digital Schools 2006 Survey reports online learning is currently used by 4 percent of K-12 students and this number is expected to grow to 15% by 2011.







Research Reports "As Good or Better": Effective

According to NCREL Synthesis of New Research on K-12 Online Learning:xiii

- Online Learning Expands Options: "The first impetus to the growth of K-12 distance education was an interest in expanding educational options and providing equal opportunities for all learners." (p.7)
- Online Learning Is Rapidly Growing: "Recent surveys show that K-12 online learning is a rapidly growing phenomenon." (p.4)
- Online Learning Is Effective: "Equal or Better": "One conclusion seems clear: On average, students seem to perform equally well or better academically in online learning." (p. 17)
- Online Learning Training Improves Teaching: Teachers who teach online reported positive improvements in face-to-face, too. "Of those who reported teaching face-to-face while teaching online or subsequently, three in four reported a positive impact on their face-to-face teaching." (p. 25)

Today's Students

The Pew Internet Project reports "the Internet is an important element in the overall educational experience of many teenagers":xiv

- 87% of all youth between the ages of 12 and 17 use the Internet (21 million people).
- 86% percent of teens, 88% of online teens, and 80% of all parents believe that the Internet helps teenagers to do better in school.
- 85% of 17 year olds have gone online to get information about a college, university, or other school they were thinking about attending.





50% of students are creators of content on the Internet.



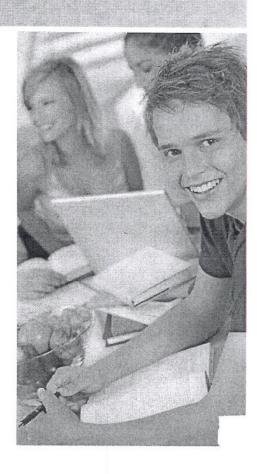
Highlights from the National Center for Education Statistics at the U.S. Department of Education Issue Brief on Rates of Computer and Internet Use by Children in Nursery School and Students in Kindergarten Through Twelfth Grade:*V

- The use of computer technology begins at young ages; 67 percent of children in nursery school were computer users, as were 80 percent of those in kindergarten.
- By high school, nearly all students (97 percent) used computers, and a majority (80 percent) used the Internet.
- Computer and Internet use was more widespread among school-age children and adolescents than among adults (DeBell and Chapman 2003).

- 100% of schools are connected to the Internet.xvi
- The use of computers and the Internet may improve people's everyday lives and improve their labor market prospects. Because these technologies have the potential to improve access to information, help to get tasks done better or more quickly, and facilitate communication (see National Research Council 1999), computer and internet use rates may be considered indicators of the standard of living
- Also, the use of computers helps students gain experience with this technology, so use rates may indicate how well prepared the current generation of students is to enter a workforce where the ability to use a computer is expected (U.S. Department of Education 1999).
- 15% of public school instructional rooms have wireless Internet Access (NCES 2007).xvii

High School Reform and Redesign

- Data suggest that in about six years 10 percent of all courses will be computer-based, and by 2019 about 50 percent of courses will be delivered online.xviii
- 90% of the fastest growing jobs in the economy require a college degree.xix
- Over 40% of our nation's high schools do not offer any AP courses. Many of these schools serve predominantly low-income and minority students.xix
- Virtual schools and online programs provide AP courses.
- While only 44% of U.S. high school students studied a foreign language in 2002, learning a second or third foreign language is compulsory for students in the European Union and elsewhere.**
- Virtual schools offer foreign language courses online that allow interactive communication and collaboration with students and teachers across state and national boundaries for 21st century learning.





www.nacol.org

Fast Facts About Online Learning

High School Reform and Redesign

- 52% of middle school and 15% of high school mathematics teachers did not have a major or minor in mathematics and 40% of middle school and 11% of high school science teachers did not have a major or minor in science.**
- Virtual schools and online programs provide a range of courses such as science, math, foreign languages, electives and remedial courses with highly qualified teachers.
- According to the Manhattan Institute, 70% of all students in public high schools graduate, and only 32% of all students leave high school qualified to attend four-year colleges.xxi
- The high school graduation rate in the United States is 70%. High school drop-out rates in urban areas average 50%.xxii
- Only 51% of all black students and 52% of all Hispanic students graduate, and only 20% of all black students and 16% of all Hispanic students leave high school college-ready.
- According to recent research from the Silent Epidemic study, 47% said a major reason for dropping out was that "classes were not interesting" and they were "bored"; 88% of drop outs had passing grades.**xiii
- The National Education Technology Plan recommended that every student have access to e-learning opportunities and every teacher have access to e-learning training.xxiv
- Virtual schools and online learning can help provide equal access to rigorous courses for all students, reducing inequities that exist across the educational system.
- Today 6,000 talented young people will drop out of school.xxiv
- Today only 11 states require credits in a foreign language for students to graduate.xxiv
- Today African American students are 14 percent of those in school, but only 7 percent of those taking Advanced Placement exams.**xiv
- Today two-thirds of high school students will be bored in at least one class.***
- Today 15 million students who need mentors do not have them.***
- 69 percent of the public say that they "would be willing to have a child [of theirs] go through high school taking some academic courses over the Internet.**xxvi

Current NACOL Initiatives

Virtual School Symposium Annual Conference: October 26-28, 2008 in Phoenix, AZ

NACOL Monthly Webinars the Second Wednesday of Every Month

New NACOL "Teacher Talk" Webinars for Instructors in Online Programs

K-12 Online Learning Reports and Resources on www.nacol.org:

Virtual Schools and 21st Century Skills

NACOL Primer on K-12 Online Learning

NACOL State Needs Assessments for Online Courses and Services

NACOL National Standards of Quality for Online Courses

Online Professional Development

NACOL Experts: Advice and Networking

More information is available online at www.nacol.org.



www.nacol.org

Fast Facts About Online Learning

References

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- Technology Counts 2006, Education Week; Keeping Pace, NACOL (AL, AR, CA, CO, FL, GA, ID, IL, IN, IO, KY, LA, MD, MA, MI, MO, NC, ND, NV, SC, TN, UT, VA, WV, WI).
- Center for Education Reform. (Note: There are 173 virtual charter schools with 92,235 students, up from 147 schools serving 65,354 students in 18 states in 2005-2006; 86 such schools with 31,000 students in 13 states in 2004-05; 60 schools in 13 states in 2002-03).
- ^v Internet Access in U.S. Public Schools and Classrooms: 1994–2005, 2007. U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics. www.nces.gov
- vi Distance Education in Elementary and Secondary Public School Districts, 2005, U.S. Department of Education National Center for Educational Statistics. www.nces.ed.gov
- vii Upcoming Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2009, Table 252 http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/
- viii Virtual Schools, 2001, Tom Clark/WestEd.
- ^{ix} In 2002-2003, 4,766 students in Alberta, Canada were enrolled in online learning programs; up 1,000 from the previous year's 3,810 students.
- * Distance Education in Elementary and Secondary Public School Districts, 2005, U.S. Department of Education National Center for Educational Statistics. www.nces.ed.gov
- xi Distance Education in Elementary and Secondary Public School Districts, 2005, U.S. Department of Education National Center for Educational Statistics. www.nces.ed.gov
- ^{xii} "The 2008 Education Next-PEPG Survey of Public Opinion," Fall 2008, (vol. 8, no. 4), http://www.hoover.org/publications/ednext/26380034.html.
- NCREL Synthesis of New Research on K-12 Online Learning, 2005, North Central Regional Education Laboratory/Learning Point Associates. www.ncrel.org/tech/synthesis/
- xiv The Internet at School, 2005, Pew Internet Study. www.pewinternet.org
- ** Rates of Computer and Internet Use by Children in Nursery School and Students in Kindergarten Through Twelfth Grade, 2003, National Center for Educational Statistics, U.S. Department of Education. http://nces.ed.gov/programs/quarterly/vol_7/1_2/4_4. asp
- ^{xvi} Internet Access in U.S. Public Schools and Classrooms: 1994–2005, 2007. U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics. www.nces.gov
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- ^{xviii} How Do We Transform Our Schools?, Education Next, Christensen, Clayton M. and Michael B. Horn, Summer 2008 (vol. 8, no. 3), http://www.hoover.org/publications/ednext/18575969.html
- xix Expanding the Advanced Placement Incentive Program, U.S. Department of Education. http://www.ed.gov/about/inits/ed/competitiveness/expanding-apip.html
- ** Schools and Staffing Survey: 1999-2000, U.S. Department of Education. www.ed.gov
- xxi Public High School Graduation and College Readiness Rates in the United States, 2003, from the Manhattan Institute. www. manhattan-institute.org
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- *** Toward A New Golden Age In American Education: How the Internet, the Law and Today's Students Are Revolutionizing Expectations: National Education Technology Plan, 2005, U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Technology.

 *** The Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development: The Whole Child. www.wholechildeducation.org.
- "The 2008 Education Next-PEPG Survey of Public Opinion," Fall 2008, (vol. 8, no. 4), http://www.hoover.org/publications/ednext/26380034.html